Executive Summary Vegetation Management Plan



Prepared by the Vegetation Advisory Board of the

Town of Southern Shores

March 2006

Executive Summary

"Any significant and sustained losses of vegetation in the five zones have serious and negative effects."

1st report to council, April 2002

"The burden of vegetation preservation rests on the town."

2nd report to council, April 2004

"These numbers are truly amazing! If not reversed, the result will be a grossly degraded natural environment."

3rd report to council November 2004

Executive Summary

Background

- Citizens' petition against loss of vegetation
- Creation of Vegetation Advisory Committee
- Analysis of situation and trends
- Production of information brochures
- VAC recommendations to Council
- Council elevates VAC to Board status

Vegetation Management Plan



Our Natural Resource: A Barrier Island

- Five Vegetation Zones
- Accelerating Trend in Vegetation Loss

Barrier Islands



- Fragile areas in dynamic balance
- Subject to constant change



- Subject to sudden change
- Vulnerable to manmade change

Five Vegetation Zones

- Ocean Beach and Foredune
- Flats and Thickets
- High Dunes
- Maritime Forest
- Ginguite Marsh and Sound Shore

Ocean Beach and Foredune





Ocean Beach and Foredune





- First line of defense.
- Beach grass builds and holds sand.
- Requires protection and management.

Flats and Thickets



Flats and Thickets





- When native grasses thrive, they stabilize sand and impede erosion.
- Thickets provide animal habitat and privacy.
- Shrubs and trees provide shelter and are precursors to Maritime Forest.
- Shrubs and trees are naturally sculpted by wind-borne salt.

High Dunes



High Dunes





- Typically sparser vegetation on higher elevations.
- Especially vulnerable to high winds, erosion, and disturbance.
- Drought, salt, and wind-resistant native plants provide ground cover.

Maritime Forest



Maritime Forest





- Mature diverse plant community.
- Increased clear-cutting has caused citizen concerns.
- Openings in forest canopy increase potential wind damage.
- One of few Atlantic Coast Maritime Forests in private ownership.

Ginguite Marsh and Sound Shore



Ginguite Marsh and Sound Shore



- Brackish wetland.
- Provides filter and nursery for various flora and fauna.
- Provides habitat for aquatic species.

Summary of Issues

Increasing and accelerating loss of native vegetation is altering the character and environmental quality of our Town.

Summary of Issues

Increased

Decreased

- ↑ clear-cutting and land-scraping
- ↑ storm water runoff
- ↑ non-native planting
- **↑** maintenance costs
- water pollution from chemicals
- ↑ wind/water erosion

- protection from weather events
- ↓ natural wind breaks
- ↓ privacy
- ↓ property values
- ↓ animal habitat
- ↓ water quality
- **↓** native plant diversity

Disappearance of our Town's unique character.

Vegetation Management Objectives

Eliminate the indiscriminate and accelerating loss of native plant species.

Promote the restoration of native plant diversity.

Maintain the unique vegetative appearance, quality, and character of our Town.

Vegetation Management Objectives

- Integrate vegetation and storm water management
- Increase the use of native plants for landscaping
- Provide information and incentives for native plant conservation
- Resolve safety issues
- Reduce hazards

- Reduce the loss of native vegetation
- Reduce the use of chemicals
- Manage noxious plants
- Meet criteria for Tree City USA
- Develop controls for effective vegetation management

Policy Considerations

- Implement total ban of clear-cutting and land-scraping.
- Restrict and monitor vegetation destruction during construction/reconstruction.
- Reduce the use of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers.
- Conserve beach grasses and thickets.

Policy Considerations cont'd

- Reduce non-native plants in landscaping.
 - exotic and alien species
 - lawn turf grasses
- Re-vegetate Town properties with native plants.
- Implement community demonstration projects on Town properties:
 - native plant plots
 - interpretive signs
- Apply for Tree City USA certification.

Short Term Actions

"The Committee strongly recommends that the Council re-examine the issue of ordinances - enforceable and with appropriate effective penalties for noncompliance - as the only truly effective and lasting means of controlling the accelerating loss of native vegetation."

3rd report to council, November 2004

Short Term Actions

- Develop policies to conserve native vegetation
- Develop guidelines for vegetation disturbance
- Conduct more effective site reviews
- Require the use of a vegetation map
- Encourage the use of native landscaping

- Review other coastal community controls
- Implement an aggressive communication program
- Conduct seminars on the benefits of native vegetation
- Implement demonstration projects

Native Vegetation

Conserve

Re-vegetate